	Nursery	Year R	Year 1	Year 2
Transcription	Provide meanings to marks Write some letters accurately	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Listen to and hear the sounds in CVC, CVCC and CCVC words. (LIT) Recall &/identify the taught GPCs (the letters that represent the sounds) (including some digraphs) on a grapheme mat and use this when writing. (LIT) Spell some taught common exception/high frequency and familiar words. (LIT)	 Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught Spell common exception words and the days of the week name the letters of the alphabet and in order using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound add prefixes and suffixes: using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs use the prefix un– use –ing, –ed, –er and – est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest] apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as 	 segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which 1 or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones learning to spell common exception words learning to spell more words with contracted forms learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) distinguishing between homophones add suffixes to spell longer words including -ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English appendix 1 write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common

			listed in English appendix 1 • write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far	exception words and punctuation taught so far
Handwriting	Knowledge	Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.	 sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place form capital letters form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (ie letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise 	 form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters

		Use some of their print and	•	Write short sentences	•	write sentences by:	•	saying out loud what
		early letter knowledge in early their writing, e.g. write a shopping list that starts at the top of their page • Write some or all of their	with words with known sound-letter correspondences using capital letter and full	•	 saying out loud what they are going to write about 		they are going to write about	
						 composing a sentence orally before writing it 	•	composing a sentence orally before writing it
		name How staff will enable this?	•	Re-read what they have written to check		 sequencing sentences to form short narratives 	•	sequencing sentences to form short narratives
		Helicopter storiesRole playHomemade books	tha	that it makes sense	•	 re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense 	•	re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense
					•	discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils	•	discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
Composition	Knowledge				•	read their writing aloud, clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher	•	read their writing aloud, clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher
Com	Com						•	develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by:
							•	writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)
							•	writing about real events
							•	writing poetry
							•	writing for different purposes
							•	consider what they are
								going to write before
								beginning by:
							•	planning or saying out loud what they are going
								to write about

	including new vocabulary encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils rereading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly) read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear
	Notes and
	develop their
	understanding of the concepts set out in English appendix 2 by: learning how to use both

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			punctuation correctly - see English appendix 2, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) learn how to use: sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly] the present and past tenses correctly and consistently, including the progressive form subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co- ordination (using or, and, or but) the grammar for year 2 in English appendix 2
			 the present and past tenses correctly and consistently, including the progressive form subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and coordination (using or, and, or but)
			 in English appendix 2 some features of written Standard English use and understand the grammatical terminology in English appendix 2 in discussing their writing

punctuation Vocabulary, grammar

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Knowledge

(DM: LiteracyWriting) 30-50m* • Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities. • Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration. • Recognises rhythm in spoken words. • Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, onetoone and also in small groups. • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. • Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. • Suggests how the story might end. • Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. (DM: LiteracyWriting) 40-60m* • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears and says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. • Links sounds to letters. naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Begins to read words and simple sentences. • Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.

· Describes main story settings, events and principal characters. Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment.

(DM: LiteracyWriting) 30-50m* • Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities. • Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration. • Recognises rhythm in spoken words. • Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, onetoone and also in small groups. • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. • Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. • Suggests how the story might end. • Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. (DM: LiteracyWriting) 40-60m* • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears and says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. • Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Begins to read words and simple sentences. • Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.

- develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English appendix 2 by:
- leaving spaces between words
- joining words and joining clauses using 'and'
- beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop. question mark or exclamation mark
- using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'l'
- learning the grammar for year 1 in English appendix 2
- use the grammatical terminology in English English appendix 2 in discussing their writing

- develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English appendix 2 by:
- learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly see English appendix 2, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)
- learn how to use:
- sentences with different forms: statement. question, exclamation, command
- expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]
- the present and past tenses correctly and consistently, including the progressive form
- subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)
- the grammar for year 2 in English appendix 2
- some features of written Standard English

Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos. Looks at books independently. Handles books carefully. Knows information can be relayed in the form of print. Holds books the correct way up and turns pages. Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from	Enjoys an increasing range of books. Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers. Early Learning Goal: Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.		use and understand the grammatical terminology in English appendix 2 in discussing their writing
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